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# Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone Piano Chords

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*Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone  
Piano Chords*

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## INTRODUCTION: THE TIMELESS BEAUTY OF A MODERN HYMN

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Few songs have touched the human spirit as deeply as the classic hymn **Amazing Grace**. Written by John Newton in the 18th century, its enduring message of redemption and hope has been sung by countless generations across the globe. In the early 2000s, Chris Tomlin breathed new life into this timeless piece with his powerful contemporary rendition, **Amazing Grace (My Chains Are Gone)**. The soaring chorus, with its declaration of freedom, has made this version a favorite in churches, recitals, and personal worship settings. For pianists, learning the **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords** opens the door to playing a song that is both musically rewarding and emotionally resonant. This article will guide you through everything you need to know to master this beautiful piece at the keyboard, from the basic chord structures to advanced performance tips.

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## THE STORY BEHIND "MY CHAINS ARE GONE"

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Before diving into the chords, it is helpful to understand what

makes this version of Amazing Grace so special. Chris Tomlin, along with co-writers Louie Giglio, Jesse Reeves, and Matt Redman, reimagined the classic hymn by adding a triumphant new chorus. The original verses remain intact, but the addition of the line "*My chains are gone, I've been set free*" transforms the song from a plea for grace into a celebration of liberation. This dynamic shift in emotional arc is reflected directly in the chord progression, which moves between quiet reflection and joyful declaration. When you play the **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords**, you are not just playing notes; you are telling a story of transformation.

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## GETTING STARTED: BASIC PIANO CHORDS YOU NEED TO KNOW

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To play this song effectively, you will need to be comfortable with a handful of fundamental chords. The song is most commonly played in the key of G major, which is an accessible key for both beginners and intermediate pianists. The primary chords you will use are G, C, D, Em, and Am. Mastering these will give you the ability to play the entire song with ease.

# Chord Shapes for the Key of G

- **G Major (G):** G, B, D
- **C Major (C):** C, E, G
- **D Major (D):** D, F#, A
- **E Minor (Em):** E, G, B
- **A Minor (Am):** A, C, E

If you are playing with a lead sheet or chord chart, these five chords will cover nearly every measure of the song. The **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords** are built on a standard I-IV-V-vi progression in the key of G, which is one of the most common and pleasing progressions in all of Western music.

## DETAILED CHORD PROGRESSION WALKTHROUGH

Now, let us break down the chord progression section by section. I will provide the chords in the order they appear for the verses and the chorus. For clarity, each chord is shown above the lyric syllable where the change occurs.

## The Verse Progression

The verses follow a gentle, predictable pattern that allows the melody to shine. Here is the basic structure:

**Amazing grace, how sweet the sound**

G      G      C      G

**That saved a wretch like me**

G      Em      C      D

**I once was lost, but now am found**

G      G      C      G

**Was blind, but now I see**

Em      C      D      G

Notice how the progression resolves back to G at the end of each phrase. This creates a sense of closure and peace that mirrors the lyrical content. When practicing the **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords** for the verses, focus on smooth transitions between G and C, and between Em and D. These are the most frequent shifts.

## The Pre-Chorus Build-Up

One of the distinctive elements of the Chris Tomlin arrangement is the pre-chorus section, which builds tension before the explosive chorus. The chords here are:

**The Lord has promised good to me**

G      Em      C      D

**His word my hope secures**

G      Em      C      D

Repeating this progression twice in a row creates anticipation. The listener feels the energy building. As a pianist, you can increase your volume or add a slight arpeggiation in the right

hand to heighten this effect.

## The Chorus: "My Chains Are Gone"

This is the heart of the song. The chorus is powerful and declarative. The chord progression is slightly different here, emphasizing the emotional release.

**My chains are gone, I've been set free**

C    G    D    Em

**My God, my Savior has ransomed me**

C    G    D    G

**And like a flood, His mercy reigns**

C    G    D    Em

**Unending love, amazing grace**

C    D    G

The chorus of **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords** is characterized by the repeated movement from C to G to D to Em. This sequence feels uplifting and expansive. When you hit the final G on "grace," make sure to let it ring. It is the climax of the entire musical phrase.

### TIPS FOR PLAYING WITH EMOTION AND EXPRESSION

Knowing the correct chords is only half the battle. To truly captivate your audience, you need to play with feeling. Here are several techniques to bring life to your performance of **Amazing**

**Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords.**

## Use Dynamic Contrast

The verses should be played softly and gently. Imagine you are whispering the story to someone. In contrast, the chorus should be played with more force and confidence. The dynamic jump from piano (soft) to forte (loud) mirrors the lyrical leap from reflection to celebration. Practice using the sustain pedal to blend the chords smoothly in the verses, and release it more sharply in the chorus for a cleaner, more percussive sound.

## Explore Inversions

Playing every chord in root position can sound blocky and repetitive. Experiment with inversions to create a smoother bass line. For example, instead of playing a G chord as G-B-D (root position), try playing it as B-D-G (first inversion) or D-G-B (second inversion). This creates a more flowing harmonic texture. A common trick for the **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords** is to play the C chord in second inversion (G-C-E) when moving from G to C, keeping the G note in the bass for a seamless transition.

## Add Passing Tones and

## Arpeggios

Rather than striking the chords as solid blocks, consider arpeggiating them. Roll the chord from the bottom note to the top. This works especially well in the slower verses. You can also add a few passing tones in the right hand between chord changes. For instance, when moving from C to G, you might insert a B or a D note briefly to connect the harmonies.

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### COMMON MISTAKES AND HOW TO AVOID THEM

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Even experienced pianists can stumble when learning a new arrangement. Here are the most frequent pitfalls with **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords** and how to fix them.

## Mistake 1: Rushing the Tempo

Many players start the song at a comfortable pace but unconsciously speed up as they reach the chorus. This song benefits from a steady, unhurried tempo. The message of grace is not rushed. Use a metronome set to around 70 BPM (beats per minute) and practice maintaining that tempo all the way through.

## Mistake 2: Neglecting the Bass Note

The left hand is responsible for the foundation of the sound. A common error is to play only the root note of each chord in the bass. Instead, try playing the full chord in the left hand or using a simple bass pattern like root-fifth-root-fifth. This fills out the sound and gives you more control over dynamics.

## Mistake 3: Overusing the Sustain Pedal

While the sustain pedal is essential for creating a legato sound, holding it down too long can cause the chords to blur together, especially during the faster chord changes of the chorus. Practice lifting the pedal on each chord change and pressing it down again just after you strike the new chord. This technique, known as "pedaling with the harmony," keeps the sound clean.

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### ARRANGING FOR SOLO OR GROUP PERFORMANCE

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The **Amazing Grace My Chains Are Gone piano chords** can be adapted for many different settings. Here are ideas for solo and group contexts.

## For Solo Piano

If you are playing alone, consider creating an arrangement that includes the melody in the right hand and the chords in the left. Start with a simple, sparse texture in the first verse. Add more notes and rhythmic complexity as the song progresses. In the final chorus, you can play octaves in the right hand for a powerful, full sound.

## For Groups or Worship Teams

When playing with other musicians, communication is key. The pianist often provides the harmonic foundation. Keep your left hand steady and your right hand clear. If a guitarist or bassist is present, you can simplify your left hand to single notes or octaves and focus more on voicing the chords in a higher register. This prevents frequency clashes and keeps the overall

mix clear.

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### CHORD VARIATIONS AND ADVANCED TECHNIQUES

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Once you are comfortable with the basic progression, you can explore more advanced harmonic ideas to personalize your performance.

## Adding Suspended Chords

Replacing a standard chord with a suspended chord (sus2 or sus4) creates a moment of tension that resolves beautifully. For example, you could play a Dsus4 (D, G, A) before resolving to a D major. This works particularly well at the end of the pre-chorus, right before the chorus kicks in.

## Using Seventh Chords

Adding a seventh to a chord gives it a richer, more complex color. A G7 (G, B, D, F) can be used to create a stronger pull toward the C chord. A D7 (D, F#, A, C) works similarly to lead back to G. These substitutions are excellent for advanced players looking