
Godspell 2012 Script

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REDISCOVERING A MODERN CLASSIC: AN IN-DEPTH LOOK AT THE GODSPELL 2012 SCRIPT

Few musicals have managed to capture the raw, celebratory energy of community and faith quite like **Godspell**. Since its original off-Broadway debut in 1971, the show has been a staple of theatrical groups, schools, and churches worldwide, beloved for its joyful score and timeless message. However, for decades, the script and score remained largely frozen in the early 1970s. That changed with the 2011 Broadway revival, which brought with it a refined and revitalized **Godspell 2012 script**. This version, which officially solidified its published form in 2012, represents a significant evolution of the original material, making it more accessible and resonant for contemporary audiences. This article offers a comprehensive exploration of the **Godspell 2012 script**, examining its unique qualities, structural changes, and lasting impact on how this beloved musical is performed today.

The Historical Foundation:

From 1971 to the Revival

To truly appreciate the **Godspell 2012 script**, one must first understand its roots. The original 1971 musical, conceived by John-Michael Tebelak with music and lyrics by Stephen Schwartz, was a product of its time. It was a loose, bohemian, and deeply improvisational piece built around the Gospel of Matthew. The script was famously sparse, serving more as a framework for the cast's unique personalities and improvisational skills. The show was less a structured narrative and more a series of parables, songs, and skits, culminating in a powerful and moving Passion play.

For over forty years, productions largely relied on this original, open-ended script. While this allowed for immense creativity, it also presented challenges for directors. The lack of a fixed structure could lead to uneven pacing, and some of the 1970s counter-culture references felt dated. The 2011 Broadway revival, directed by Daniel Goldstein and choreographed by Christopher Gattelli, sought to honor the spirit of the original while creating a more cohesive, dramatically satisfying experience. The result was the **Godspell 2012 script**, a carefully edited and restructured version that has quickly become the standard for professional and amateur productions alike.

What Makes the Godspell 2012 Script Unique?

The **Godspell 2012 script** is not a wholesale rewrite. It is a thoughtful refinement. The most significant change is the increased structure given to the narrative. While the original script was essentially a loose collection of scenes, the 2012 version provides clearer scene descriptions and stronger connective tissue between the parables. This creates a more linear and easily followed story arc without sacrificing the show's inherent spontaneity.

- **Enhanced Dramatic Structure:**

The script now includes more explicit stage directions and character interactions that build tension leading towards the crucifixion. The relationship between Jesus and Judas is more sharply defined and dramatized, providing a clearer emotional core.

- **Updated Language & References:**

Some of the more obscure 1970s references have been streamlined or replaced with more universal, timeless dialogue. This makes the show feel less like a period piece and more like a timeless fable. The language remains poetic and witty, but it is cleaner and more direct.

- **Focus on Character:**

The original script often treated the ensemble as a singular "company of players." The **Godspell 2012 script** encourages the development of individual character identities, even within

the ensemble format. This allows actors to create more distinct and memorable personalities.

- **Musical Arrangements:** While the songs themselves remain the same beloved classics ("Day by Day," "Prepare Ye the Way of the Lord," "Beautiful City"), the script often integrates them more seamlessly into the dramatic action. The 2012 version includes updated vocal arrangements and orchestrations that are richer and more dynamic, reflecting the talents of a modern pit orchestra.

Key Differences Between the 2012 Script and the Original

For directors and actors familiar with the original 1971 text, the **Godspell 2012 script** presents several notable differences. Understanding these changes is crucial for a successful production.

1. **The Vanishing of the**

"Prologue": The original script famously began with a long, abstract soundscape and the company reciting philosophical quotes from thinkers like Socrates and Nietzsche. In the 2012 version, this extended prologue is significantly shortened and clarified. The show jumps into action more quickly, establishing the world and the characters with greater narrative efficiency.

2. **Clarified Setting:** While both

versions leave the physical setting abstract (often depicted as a playground, junkyard, or urban park), the **Godspell 2012 script** provides more specific guidance for creating a cohesive visual world. The set design is encouraged to be more symbolic and integrated with the action.

3. **Stronger "Beautiful City"**
Context: The song "Beautiful City" was added for the 1972 film version of Godspell and later incorporated into some stage productions. The 2012 script officially integrates the song into the stage text, placing it as a poignant moment of hope and social commentary just before the Passion narrative begins.
4. **Judas's Motives:** In the 2012 version, Judas's betrayal is given more nuance. It is less of a simple act of treachery and more a complex, perhaps even a divinely appointed, role. The script allows for a more tragic and sympathetic portrayal of Judas, adding depth to the final scenes.
5. **Simplified Choreography**
Notes: While the spirit of physical theater and clowning remains, the script's stage directions are less prescriptive about specific "hippie" or "clown" movements. This allows choreographers greater freedom to create a movement vocabulary that fits their specific cast and concept.

The Music and

Lyrics in the 2012 Version

No discussion of the **Godspell 2012 script** is complete without addressing its musical heart. Stephen Schwartz's score is iconic, and the 2012 version treats it with deep respect while allowing for modern flourishes. The vocal ranges have been slightly adjusted in places to be more accessible to a wider range of singers, and the choral arrangements are fuller and more complex.

The song "Day by Day," the show's biggest hit, remains a centerpiece. However, in the 2012 script, it is often placed earlier in the show to establish the ensemble's camaraderie. "All Good Gifts" retains its beautiful, gentle plea for grace. "We Beseech Thee" is given a more driving, gospel-infused energy. The updated orchestrations, often featuring more prominent percussion and bass, give the score a contemporary, rock-concert feel, making it instantly engaging for a 21st-century audience. The **Godspell 2012 script** ensures that the music is not just a series of beautiful songs but an integral part of the storytelling engine.

The Parables: A Refreshed

Narrative Arc

The parables are the soul of Godspell. The **Godspell 2012 script** organizes these parables more effectively. In the original, the order could feel random. In the 2012 version, the parables are sequenced to build specific themes: community, forgiveness, hypocrisy, and faith. This creates a "lesson plan" feel that mirrors the journey of the disciples learning from their teacher.

For example, the parables of the "Good Samaritan" and "The Prodigal Son" are given more space to breathe, allowing the actors to mine them for both comedy and profound meaning. The script encourages improvisation within these sketches, but it provides a clearer framework. This makes it easier for audiences unfamiliar with the Bible to follow the moral of each story. The 2012 version ensures that the parables are not just cute skits but powerful, moving vignettes that contribute to the overall dramatic arc.

The Significance of the 2011 Broadway

Revival

The **Godspell 2012 script** was born directly from the 2011 Broadway revival, a production that starred an energetic young cast including Corbin Bleu, Hunter Parrish, and Anna Kendrick (who joined later). This production ran for over a year and received a Tony Award nomination for Best Revival of a Musical. While not a massive commercial blockbuster, the revival was critically praised for its heart, energy, and successful updating of the material.

The success of this revival proved that Godspell's message of love, community, and social justice was not a relic of the 1960s but a vital and necessary message for the modern world. The **Godspell 2012 script** is the official published record of that production. It captures the spirit, pace, and dramatic choices that made the revival so successful, providing a blueprint for future productions to follow or adapt.

How the Godspell 2012 Script Enhances Modern

Performances

For directors and producers, choosing the **Godspell 2012 script** offers several practical advantages. First, it significantly reduces rehearsal time. The more defined structure means actors spend less time figuring out "what happens next" and more time developing their characters and relationships. Second, it is more accessible to audiences. The clearer narrative arc and updated language make the show easier to understand for those who might not be familiar with the source material.

Furthermore, the 2012 version is incredibly flexible. While it provides a strong framework, it still encourages customization. Directors can adjust the humor, the pacing, and the visual style to fit their venue and community. The script is a perfect balance between preserving the original's anarchic, joyful spirit and providing the structural integrity necessary for a polished theatrical production. It works equally well in a traditional proscenium theater, a black box space, or a church sanctuary.

Finding and Licensing the Godspell 2012

Script

For groups interested in producing the show, it is important to note that the **Godspell 2012 script** is the standard licensed version from Music Theatre International (MTI). When you secure the rights to produce Godspell, you will almost certainly receive the 2012 version. It is published by Hal Leonard and is widely available for purchase through theatrical bookstores and online retailers.

When studying the script, look for the official Samuel French (now part of Concord Theatricals) or Hal Leonard edition that explicitly states it is based on the "2012 Broadway Revival." This version includes the complete dialogue, lyrics, and stage directions. It is a valuable resource not just for performance but for any serious student of musical theatre who wants to understand how a classic text can be thoughtfully revised for a new era.

Conclusion

The **Godspell 2012 script** is far more than just a reprint of the original. It is a loving, intelligent, and necessary update that breathes new life into a beloved classic. By providing stronger dramatic structure, clearer character motivations, and a more streamlined narrative, the 2012 version ensures that the timeless message of Godspell—the power of love, community, and joy in the face of tragedy—can continue to resonate with audiences for

generations to come. Whether you are a director planning a production, a scholar studying musical theatre history, or a fan looking to rediscover a favorite

show, the **Godspell 2012 script** offers a vibrant and rewarding theatrical experience that honors the past while confidently stepping into the future.