
Words That Rhyme With Nothing

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INTRODUCTION: THE ELUSIVE RHYME

Every poet, lyricist, and songwriter has, at some point, stared at the word “nothing” and wondered: what on earth rhymes with it? The challenge is legendary. You can conjure up words like “clothing,” “loathing,” or “boating,” but none of them truly match the sound of “nothing.” This difficulty is not a flaw in the language; it is an invitation to explore the boundaries of rhyme. In this

article, we will dive deep into the world of words that rhyme with nothing, examining why perfect rhymes are so rare, exploring the near rhymes that work in poetry and lyrics, and sharing creative techniques to make the word flow seamlessly in your writing. Whether you are a seasoned writer or a curious language lover, you will find practical insights and a fresh appreciation for the art of rhyming.

WHY “NOTHING” IS HARD TO RHYME

To understand why words that rhyme with

nothing are so scarce, we need to look at the phonetics. “Nothing” is pronounced /'nʌθɪŋ/ – stressed on the first syllable, with the vowel sound /ʌ/ (as in “cup”) followed by the consonant /θ/ (the unvoiced “th”) and then the suffix “-ing” (/ɪŋ/). A perfect rhyme requires the stressed vowel and all subsequent sounds to be identical. That means the rhyming word must have the same /ʌ/ sound, followed by /θ/ and /ɪŋ/. In English, very few common words end with “-othing” or “-uthing.” The only close candidate is “something,” but even that is not a perfect match because it includes an /m/ sound before the /θ/ (“something” vs. “noth-ing”).

Compounding the

difficulty, English has relatively few words that contain the /ʌθ/ sequence. Words like “brother” or “mother” have /ʌð/ (with a voiced “th”), which is different. “Nothing” also ends with a suffix, limiting options further. As a result, the dictionary of perfect rhymes for “nothing” is almost empty. But this does not mean you cannot rhyme with it. Poets and songwriters have long relied on **near rhymes** (also called slant rhymes, half rhymes, or imperfect rhymes) to achieve similar sound effects without needing identical endings.

NEAR RHYMES AND SLANT RHYMES FOR “NOTHING”

When you search for words that rhyme with

nothing in a traditional sense, you will find lists that include words sharing the same vowel sound or the same ending consonant pattern. These are the ones most often used in creative writing. Below is a categorized list of near rhymes that work well in context.

Words Sharing the /ʌ/ Vowel and “- ing” Ending

- **Something** – the most famous

near rhyme. The /ʌ/ vowel matches, and both end with “-ing.” The difference is the /m/ before the /θ/. Many poets treat it as a perfect rhyme because the ear focuses on the vowel and the “-ing” tail.

- **Everything** – similar to “something,” but with an initial /ɛ/ sound that makes it a looser rhyme.
- **Anything** – also shares the “-ing” ending but the first vowel is /ɛ/ again, not /ʌ/.
- **Nothing** itself – yes, repeating the word can be used for emphasis, but it is not a true

rhyme.

Words with a Similar Consonan t Ending (/-θɪŋ/)

These words end with the same /θɪŋ/ sound, even if the stressed vowel differs. They are often used in rap and spoken-word poetry.

- **Clothing** – long /oʊ/ vowel, but the /ðɪŋ/ ending is close enough for slant rhymes.
- **Loathing** – again, /oʊ/ vowel, but the “-thing” ending is

similar.

- **Boating, floating, voting** – these end with /tɪŋ/, which has a /t/ instead of /θ/, but the “-ing” ties them together in a looser rhyme scheme.

Words with the Same Stressed Vowel /ʌ/ but Different

Endings and Phrases

Assonance rhymes - matching the vowel sound only - are a common workaround.

- **Butter** - /ʌ/ vowel, but ends with /tər/.
- **Mutter, clutter, flutter** - all share the /ʌ/ sound.
- **Done, sun, fun** - these are single-syllable words with /ʌn/, which can be used as a half rhyme if you ignore the final consonant.

Sometimes the best solution is to use a phrase that creates a multi-syllabic rhyme with “nothing.” For example:

- **“A nothing”** - rhymes with “a something.”
- **“From nothing”** - rhymes with “from something” or “from clothing” (slant).
- **“Let nothing”** - the “-ing” sound can be extended into the next line.

Compound Words

**CREATIVE
WORKAROUNDS IN
POETRY AND**

LYRICS

Because perfect rhymes for “nothing” are virtually nonexistent, writers have developed several strategies to make the word flow naturally. These techniques are worth mastering if you want to use “nothing” in a rhyme scheme without forcing it.

1. Employin g Near Rhymes

The most straightforward approach is to embrace near rhymes. A near rhyme occurs when the final consonant sounds match (like /θɪŋ/) but

the vowel differs slightly, or when the vowel matches but the final consonant differs. For instance, pairing “nothing” with “clothing” in a poem creates a strong auditory echo because both end with “-thing.” The ear accepts the similarity, especially when the preceding syllables also share rhythm. This technique is common in modern rap, where artists like Eminem and Kendrick Lamar use slant rhymes to maintain flow.

2. Using Internal Rhyme

Instead of rhyming the end of a line, you can place a rhyming word

inside the same line or across a caesura. For example: “I find **nothing** like the warmth of **clothing** / that keeps me from the cold of **loathing**.” Here, “nothing” and “clothing” are internal rhymes, while “loathing” ties the line together. The stress does not fall on the exact same beat, but the repeated “-thing” sound is pleasing to the ear.

3.

Assonance and Consonance

Focus on matching only the vowel (assonance) or only the consonants (consonance). For “nothing,” the /ʌ/ vowel can be paired with words like “butter” or “sum