
Algebra Problems With Solutions And Answers

*Algebra
Problems
With
Solutions
And Answers*

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INTRODUCTION: WHY PRACTICING ALGEBRA PROBLEMS WITH SOLUTIONS AND ANSWERS IS THE KEY TO MASTERY

Algebra is often described as the language of mathematics. It is the gateway to higher-level math, science, engineering, and even data-driven fields like economics and machine learning. Yet, for many students,

algebra can feel abstract and intimidating. The single most effective way to move from confusion to confidence is consistent practice with **algebra problems with solutions and answers**. Working through problems step by step not only reinforces the rules but also builds the logical thinking required to tackle new challenges. This article provides a rich collection of algebra problems across several core topics, each

accompanied by detailed solutions and clear answers. Whether you are a student preparing for an exam, a parent helping with homework, or an adult brushing up on foundational skills, this guide is designed to strengthen your understanding and boost your problem-solving speed.

UNDERSTANDING THE FUNDAMENTALS: LINEAR EQUATIONS

Linear equations are the bedrock of algebra. They involve variables raised only to the first power and typically take the form $ax + b = c$. Mastering these early builds a strong foundation for everything that follows.

Problem 1: Solving a Simple Linear Equation

Problem: Solve for x :
 $3x + 7 = 22$

Step-by-Step Solution:

First, isolate the term containing x by subtracting 7 from both sides of the equation:

$$3x + 7 - 7 = 22 - 7$$

$$3x = 15$$

Next, divide both sides by 3 to solve for x :

$$x = 15 / 3$$

$$x = 5$$

Answer: $x = 5$

Problem 2: Linear Equation with Variables on Both Sides

Problem: Solve for y :
 $5y - 8 = 3y + 12$

**Step-by-Step
Solution:**

Bring the variable terms to one side by subtracting $3y$ from both sides:

$$5y - 3y - 8 = 3y - 3y + 12$$

$$2y - 8 = 12$$

Now add 8 to both sides to isolate the term with y :

$$2y - 8 + 8 = 12 + 8$$

$$2y = 20$$

Finally, divide by 2:

$$y = 20 / 2$$

$$y = 10$$

Answer: $y = 10$

QUADRATIC EQUATIONS: THE NEXT LEVEL

Quadratic equations introduce exponents and often have two solutions. They are essential for understanding parabolas and appear frequently in physics and finance problems. Below are typical **algebra problems with solutions and answers** involving quadratics.

Problem 3: Solving

by Factoring

Problem: Solve for x :
 $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$

**Step-by-Step
Solution:**

We look for two numbers that multiply to +6 and add to -5. Those numbers are -2 and -3.

Factor the quadratic:

$$(x - 2)(x - 3) = 0$$

Set each factor equal to zero and solve:

$$x - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 2$$

$$x - 3 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 3$$

Answer: $x = 2$ or $x = 3$

Problem 4: Solving

Using the Quadratic Formula

Problem: Solve for x :
 $2x^2 + 4x - 6 = 0$

**Step-by-Step
Solution:**

The quadratic formula is $x = [-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}] / (2a)$. Here, $a = 2$, $b = 4$, and $c = -6$.

First, calculate the discriminant: $b^2 - 4ac = 16 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (-6) = 16 + 48 = 64$

Now apply the formula:

$$x = [-4 \pm \sqrt{64}] / (2 \cdot 2) = [-4 \pm 8] / 4$$

This gives two solutions:

$$x = (-4 + 8) / 4 = 4 / 4 = 1$$

$$x = (-4 - 8) / 4 = -12 / 4 = -3$$

Answer: $x = 1$ or $x = -3$

SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

Systems of equations involve finding values that satisfy multiple equations simultaneously. These problems are common in real-world scenarios like budgeting or mixing solutions. Practicing **algebra problems with solutions and answers** in this area sharpens your ability to think in multiple dimensions.

Problem 5: Solving by Substituti

on

Problem: Solve the system:

$$y = 2x + 1$$

$$3x + y = 16$$

**Step-by-Step
Solution:**

Substitute the expression for y from the first equation into the second:

$$3x + (2x + 1) = 16$$

Combine like terms:

$$5x + 1 = 16$$

Subtract 1 from both sides:

$$5x = 15$$

Divide by 5:

$$x = 3$$

Now substitute $x = 3$ back into the first equation:

$$y = 2(3) + 1 = 6 + 1 = 7$$

Answer: $x = 3, y = 7$

Problem

6: Solving

by

Elimination

n

Problem: Solve the system:

$$4x + 3y = 18$$

$$2x - y = 4$$

Step-by-Step

Solution:

Multiply the second equation by 3 to align the y terms:

$$6x - 3y = 12$$

Now add this to the first equation:

$$(4x + 3y) + (6x - 3y) = 18 + 12$$

$$10x = 30$$

$$x = 3$$

Substitute $x = 3$ into the second original equation:

$$2(3) - y = 4$$

$$6 - y = 4$$

$$-y = -2$$

$$y = 2$$

$$\text{Answer: } x = 3, y = 2$$

INEQUALITIES AND THEIR GRAPHS

Inequalities are similar to equations but use symbols like $>$, $<$, $\geq$, and $\leq$. They express a range of possible values rather than a single answer. Understanding inequalities is crucial for fields like optimization and statistics.

Problem

7: Solving

a Linear

Inequality

Problem: Solve for x:

$$4x - 9 \leq 15$$

Step-by-Step**Solution:**

Add 9 to both sides:

$$4x - 9 + 9 \leq 15 + 9$$

$$4x \leq 24$$

Divide both sides by 4 (positive, so the inequality sign stays the same):

$$x \leq 6$$

Answer: $x \leq 6$

Problem 8: Solving a Compound Inequality

Problem: Solve for x :

$$-3 < 2x + 1 < 7$$

Step-by-Step**Solution:**

This is a compound inequality. We can

solve it by working on all three parts simultaneously.

First, subtract 1 from all three parts:

$$-3 - 1 < 2x + 1 - 1 < 7 - 1$$

$$-4 < 2x < 6$$

Now divide all three parts by 2:

$$-2 < x < 3$$

Answer: $-2 < x < 3$

**WORD PROBLEMS:
TRANSLATING
ENGLISH TO
ALGEBRA**

Word problems are often the most challenging part of algebra because they require you to translate a real-world scenario into mathematical expressions.

Consistent practice with **algebra problems with solutions and answers** in word form builds this essential

skill.

Problem 9: Age Word Problem

Problem: Sarah is twice as old as her brother Ben. In 5 years, the sum of their ages will be 37. How old is Ben now?

Step-by-Step

Solution:

Let b represent Ben's current age. Then Sarah's current age is $2b$.

In 5 years, Ben will be $b + 5$ and Sarah will be $2b + 5$.

The sum of their ages in 5 years is 37:

$$(b + 5) + (2b + 5) = 37$$

Combine like terms:

$$3b + 10 = 37$$

Subtract 10 from both sides:

$$3b = 27$$

Divide by 3:

$$b = 9$$

Answer: Ben is 9 years old.

Problem 10: Mixture Problem

Problem: How many liters of a 20% saline solution must be added to 10 liters of a 50% saline solution to obtain a 30% saline solution?

Step-by-Step

Solution:

Let x be the number of liters of 20% solution to add.

The amount of pure saline in the 20%

solution is $0.20x$.
The amount of pure saline in the 50% solution is $0.50 * 10 = 5$ liters.

The total volume of the final solution is $x + 10$ liters.

The final solution is 30% saline, so the pure saline equation is:

$$0.20x + 5 = 0.30(x + 10)$$

Distribute on the right side:

$$0.20x + 5 = 0.30x + 3$$

Subtract $0.20x$ from both sides:

$$5 = 0.10x + 3$$

Subtract 3 from both sides:

$$2 = 0.10x$$

Divide by 0.10:

$$x = 20$$

Answer: 20 liters of the 20% saline solution must be added.

POLYNOMIALS AND FACTORING

Polynomials are expressions with

multiple terms. Factoring is the process of breaking them down into simpler components. These skills are foundational for solving higher-degree equations and simplifying complex expressions.

Problem 11: Adding and Subtracti ng Polynomi

als

Problem: Simplify:
 $(3x^2 + 2x - 5) + (x^2 - 4x + 9)$

Step-by-Step

Solution:

Combine like terms by adding the coefficients of each degree:

For x^2 : $3x^2 + x^2 = 4x^2$

For x : $2x + (-4x) = -2x$

For constants: $-5 + 9 = 4$

Answer: $4x^2 - 2x + 4$

Problem

12:

Factoring

a

Trinomial

Problem: Factor completely: $x^2 + 7x + 12$

Step-by-Step

Solution:

Find two numbers that multiply to $+12$ and add to $+7$. Those numbers are 3 and 4.

Therefore, the factored form is $(x + 3)(x + 4)$.

Answer: $(x + 3)(x + 4)$

Problem

13: