
List Of Australian Soldiers In Ww 1

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REMEMBERING THE DIGGERS: YOUR GUIDE TO THE LIST OF AUSTRALIAN SOLDIERS IN WW1

The First World War remains one of the most defining, and devastating, chapters in Australian history. From a population of fewer than five million, over 416,000 Australians enlisted to serve in what was then called the Great War. To this day, researchers, family historians, and the

simply curious seek out the **list of Australian soldiers in WW1**. This is not merely a catalogue of names; it is a roll call of courage, sacrifice, and the birth of a national identity forged in the trenches of Gallipoli and the fields of France and Belgium.

Many people begin their journey assuming there is one single, complete list. While no single physical book exists that lists every single soldier in perfect alphabetical order, the collective records are exceptionally well-preserved and accessible. Finding the

right information requires understanding how the Australian Imperial Force (AIF) was structured and where its records are kept. This article will guide you through what these lists contain, how to access them, and why they remain so deeply important today.

The Scale of the AIF: Understanding the Numbers

Before diving into specific names, it helps to grasp the sheer scale of the Australian

contribution. The AIF was a volunteer force, as Australia did not introduce conscription for overseas service during the war. This makes the list of Australian soldiers in WW1 even more remarkable; every single man who served chose to do so. By the end of the war:

- Approximately 331,000 soldiers had served overseas.
- More than 61,000 lost their lives.
- Over 155,000 were wounded.

These numbers represent an enormous portion of the nation's able-bodied young men. When you look at a list of Australian soldiers in WW1, you are not just looking at military data. You are

looking at entire communities, generations of families, and the backbone of a growing nation. The impact of their absence was felt in every town and city across the country.

Where to Find the Official List of Australian Soldiers in WW1

For the most authoritative and complete information, there is one primary source: the **National Archives of Australia**

(NAA). This institution holds the individual service records for every person who served in the AIF. While not a printed "list book," the NAA database functions as the definitive digital list of Australian soldiers in WW1.

SEARCHING THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES DATABASE

The NAA website offers a digitised collection of service dossiers, known as the **First Australian Imperial Force Personnel Dossiers, 1914-1920**. These files are priceless. They contain:

- Enlistment papers (including physical description, age, and next of kin).
- Medical records.
- Details of

postings and promotions.

- Records of leave and pay.
- Casualty reports (wounds, illness, or death).
- Discharge certificates.

Searching is straightforward. You can search by surname, service number, or even by place of birth. This database is the closest thing to a single, official list of Australian soldiers in WW1 that exists. It is free to access and search, making it the first stop for any genealogist or historian.

THE AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL'S HONOUR ROLL

If you are specifically looking for those who made the ultimate

sacrifice, the **Australian War Memorial (AWM) Roll of Honour** is an essential resource. It lists the 61,000+ Australians who died in service. This is a poignant and carefully maintained list. Each name on the Roll of Honour is linked to a specific panel at the Memorial in Canberra. The AWM database also includes photographs, personal records, and newspaper clippings for many soldiers. For a list of Australian soldiers in WW1 who gave their lives, this is the definitive source.

Notable Names

on the List of Australia n Soldiers in WW1

While every soldier has a story, certain names stand out in the national memory. Looking at these individuals helps put a human face on the vast lists. Their stories are part of the broader tapestry of the AIF.

ALBERT JACKA, VC

Albert Jacka was the first Australian to be awarded the Victoria Cross (VC) in the First World War. He achieved this during the Gallipoli campaign in 1915. His act of

single-handedly recapturing a trench from Turkish soldiers is legendary. His name appears on any serious list of Australian soldiers in WW1 not just as a casualty, but as a symbol of incredible bravery. He survived Gallipoli and went on to serve with distinction on the Western Front, earning a Military Cross and rising to the rank of Captain.

JOHN SIMPSON KIRKPATRICK (AND HIS DONKEY)

Perhaps the most famous "man with the donkey," John Simpson Kirkpatrick is a household name in Australia. Landing at Gallipoli on April 25, 1915, he served as a stretcher bearer. Using a small donkey, he

carried wounded soldiers from the front line to the beach for evacuation. He worked tirelessly for 24 days before being killed by machine gun fire. While his service record is brief, his name is one of the most frequently searched on any list of Australian soldiers in WW1. He represents the compassion and endurance of the Australian soldier.

SIR JOHN MONASH

While not a private soldier, Lieutenant General Sir John Monash is the most famous Australian commander of the war. He was a civilian engineer before the war and brought a methodical, planning-focused approach to military command. He led the Australian

Corps to stunning victories in 1918, including the Battle of Hamel and the breaking of the Hindenburg Line. His name is a key part of any complete list of Australian soldiers in WW1, representing leadership and strategic brilliance.

How to Understand the Service Numbers on the List

When you look at the list of Australian soldiers in WW1, you

will notice each soldier had a unique service number. This number is the key to unlocking their file. There was no single numbering system for the entire war.

- **Early Enlistments (1914-1915):**

Soldiers were often numbered sequentially based on their unit. For example, the 1st Battalion had numbers starting from 1. This means you might see low numbers like 23 or 456 for early volunteers.

- **Reinforcement**

s: As the war continued and casualties mounted, reinforcements were raised. These units also

had their own blocks of numbers. A soldier in the 10th Reinforcements to the 7th Battalion would have a very different number range.

- **Number prefixes:** In many records, you might see a prefix like "1/30" or "2/45". These relate to the state or specific recruitment area. For instance, numbers with a "4" prefix often indicated troops raised in South Australia.

Understanding this numbering system helps you refine your search. It also explains why a list of Australian soldiers in WW1 might

appear to be missing numbers or have gaps. It is not an error; it reflects the complex administrative reality of a massive, hastily expanded army.

Beyond the Name: What the Records Reveal

A simple list of Australian soldiers in WW1 provides a name and a number. But the accompanying records add depth. They tell us about the soldier's life before the war, his health, his character, and his experiences.

ENLISTMENT PAPERS: A SNAPSHOT IN TIME

The Attestation Paper, filled out when a man enlisted, is a treasure trove. It gives:

- **Age and Occupation:**
You might find a 19-year-old farmer, a 35-year-old stockbroker, or a 16-year-old boy who lied about his age.
- **Physical Description:**
Height, weight, chest measurement, eye and hair colour, and complexion. This was important for identification and uniform fitting.
- **Next of Kin:**

Almost always a parent, wife, or sibling. This is crucial for family history research.

- **Previous**

- Military**

- Service:** Many had served in the militia (part-time army) before the war.

MEDICAL AND CASUALTY FILES

These are often the most moving parts of a service record. They document:

- **Injuries:** Gunshot wounds, shrapnel injuries, and gas poisoning.
- **Illness:** Typhoid, influenza, and the dreaded trench foot.
- **Shell Shock:** Now understood as post-traumatic

stress disorder (PTSD), the records show men being treated for "neurasthenia" or "D.A.H." (Disordered Action of the Heart), a euphemism for psychological trauma.

- **Death:** The final report, often with details of how and where the soldier died, and where he is buried or commemorated.

Key Battles Reflected

in the List of Australia n Soldiers in WW1

this campaign includes many who fought at Lone Pine, The Nek, and Quinn's Post. The casualty rate was extreme; the 3rd Light Horse Brigade, for example, was effectively destroyed in a single charge at The Nek.

The movements and casualties of the AIF are recorded in the lists. Certain battles account for a huge number of entries. Knowing these battles helps contextualise the list of Australian soldiers in WW1 you are examining.

GALLIPOLI (APRIL - DECEMBER 1915)

The first major action for the AIF. Over 8,700 Australians died here. The list of Australian soldiers in WW1 from

FROMELLES AND POZIÈRES (JULY - AUGUST 1916)

The first major battles on the Western Front. The 5th Australian Division suffered 5,533 casualties in a single night at Fromelles (July 19-20, 1916). Just weeks later, at Pozières, the AIF lost over 23,000 men in six weeks of fighting. If you are looking at a list of Australian soldiers in WW1 who died in 1916, these two names will appear repeatedly.

BULLECOURT, MESSINES, AND PASSCHENDAELE (1917)

1917 was a grim year. The AIF fought at Bullecourt (April/May), Messines (June), and the mud-soaked hell of Passchendaele (September/October). The list of Australian soldiers in WW1 from this period shows the terrible cost of attritional warfare. Many soldiers were simply lost, their bodies never recovered, their names recorded on memorials to the missing.

VILLERS- BRETONNEUX AND THE HUNDRED DAYS OFFENSIVE (1918)

By 1918, the AIF was a battle-hardened, elite fighting force. The list

of Australian soldiers in WW1 from this period shows a shift from defence to attack. At Villers-Bretonneux (April 1918), Australian troops recaptured the town in a famous night attack. Then, from August 8, the Hundred Days Offensive began, with the Australian Corps leading the way at Amiens, Mont St Quentin, and Peronne. While victory came, the casualties were still high: over 13,000 Australians died in the final three months of the war.

Using the List for Family

History Research

For many people, the desire to see the list of Australian soldiers in WW1 is intensely personal. They are searching for a grandfather, great-uncle, or a name passed down through family stories. Here is a practical guide to finding your relative:

1. **Start with what you know:** Full name (especially middle names), approximate year of birth, and where they lived. Did they have a

nickname?

Service numbers often related to a specific state or unit.

2. **Search the National Archives:** Use the NAA's "Record Search" function. Start with just the surname and given name. If the name is common, narrow it down by state of birth or known information.
3. **Use the Australian War Memorial:** If you believe your relative died in service, check the Roll of Honour. The