

Tangerine Book Answers

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UNLOCKING THE DEPTHS OF EDWARD BLOOR’S NOVEL: A COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE TO TANGERINE BOOK ANSWERS

Edward Bloor’s *Tangerine* is more than just a young adult novel about soccer and family drama; it is a layered exploration of identity, memory, truth, and environmental justice. For students, teachers, and independent readers alike, finding reliable **Tangerine Book Answers** is essential for unpacking the novel’s complexity. Whether you are preparing for a class discussion, writing an essay, or simply curious about the hidden meanings behind the text, this guide will help you navigate the key themes, characters, symbols, and plot points—while offering practical strategies for analyzing the story on your own.

What Exactly Is *Tangerine* About?

Before diving into specific answers, it helps to have a firm grasp of the novel’s foundation. Published in 1997, *Tangerine* tells the story of Paul Fisher, a legally blind seventh grader who moves with his family from Houston to Tangerine County, Florida. Paul is haunted by fragmented memories of a mysterious incident involving his older brother, Erik, which left Paul with permanent eye damage. As the family tries to start over in a new community, Paul begins to uncover the truth about his past, confront the toxic dynamics in his family, and find his own strength through soccer and friendship.

The novel is structured as a series of journal entries written by Paul, which gives readers a deeply personal and often unreliable perspective. This narrative device is one reason why **Tangerine Book Answers** can vary depending on interpretation, making it a rich text for critical analysis.

Major Themes and How to Approach Them

To answer common questions about the novel, you must first understand its central themes. Here are the most prominent, along with discussion points that can lead to deeper insights.

1. MEMORY AND TRUTH

Paul’s distorted memories of the “Erik Fisher Football Dream” are a driving force of the plot. He recalls seeing something terrible but cannot piece it together until the very end. This theme forces readers to ask: *How reliable is memory? What happens when we suppress the truth?* When looking for **Tangerine Book Answers** related to memory, pay close attention to the gaps in Paul’s narration and the moments when other characters reveal pieces of the puzzle. The novel ultimately argues that facing the truth, no matter how painful, is necessary for healing and personal growth.

2. IDENTITY AND SELF-PERCEPTION

Paul is often seen as “handicapped” or “weak” because of his glasses and his poor vision. Yet throughout the story, he redefines himself through his skills as a goalkeeper and his moral courage. The theme of identity asks readers to consider: *How do we let others define us? How can we overcome external labels?* Many **Tangerine Book Answers** in essays focus on Paul’s transformation from a passive observer to an active participant in his own life.

3. ENVIRONMENTAL INJUSTICE AND SOCIAL CLASS

The novel is set against the backdrop of Tangerine County’s muck fires, lightning strikes, and sinkholes. These environmental hazards disproportionately affect poorer communities, while the wealthy are able to insulate themselves. Bloor uses the setting itself as a character. Questions about *Tangerine* often ask: *How does the environment mirror the social conflicts in the story?* The answer lies in the parallel between the decaying, dangerous natural landscape and the corruption within the town’s power structures, especially the football program and the school board.

4. FAMILY DYNAMICS AND HERO WORSHIP

Paul’s father is obsessed with Erik’s football career, while Paul is largely ignored. Erik, meanwhile, is a violent bully who hides behind a golden-boy image. This theme explores the damage of blind admiration and the consequences of prioritizing one child’s success over another’s well-being. When seeking **Tangerine Book Answers** about family relationships, consider how each family member enables or challenges Erik’s behavior—and how Paul eventually breaks free from that cycle.

Key Characters and Their Roles

To answer specific questions about character motivations, it helps to have a clear picture of who does what.

- **Paul Fisher** – The protagonist and narrator. He is legally blind but possesses keen observation skills. He loves soccer, values honesty, and gradually learns to confront his fears.
- **Erik Fisher** – Paul’s older brother, a star football kicker. He is manipulative, violent, and ultimately responsible for a terrible crime. His character represents the ugly side of unchecked privilege.
- **Mr. Fisher (Dad)** – He is obsessed with Erik’s athletic success and often dismisses Paul’s interests. His blind favoritism is a major source of conflict.
- **Mrs. Fisher (Mom)** – She is more protective of Paul, but she enables the family dysfunction by going along with the “Erik first” mentality.
- **Arthur Bauer** – Erik’s accomplice, a teammate who helps Erik commit a violent act. He symbolizes peer pressure and moral cowardice.
- **Luis Cruz** – A friend and mentor to Paul, a former soccer player who helps Paul see his potential. His tragic death is a turning point.

- **Joey Costello** – Paul’s best friend who initially seems loyal but later betrays him. Joey’s character shows how fear can corrupt friendships.
- **Victor Guzman** – Another soccer teammate, who supports Paul and represents the positive side of community.

When you search for **Tangerine Book Answers** related to character analysis, focus on each character’s arc and how they contribute to the novel’s moral lessons.

Important Plot Points and Their Meanings

Let’s walk through the most frequently asked questions about the story itself, with clear explanations.

1. **What happened to Paul’s eyes?**
Paul’s eye damage is not due to a medical condition but to a traumatic incident: when he was young, he saw Erik and his friend Arthur spray-painting graffiti. To keep Paul from telling, Erik sprayed an aerosol can of paint (or possibly a fire extinguisher) directly into Paul’s eyes. Paul has repressed this memory for years, and the truth emerges only at the climax. Many **Tangerine Book Answers** identify this as the central mystery that drives the plot.
2. **Why does Paul keep having the “Erik Fisher Football Dream”?**
This recurring dream involves Paul seeing Erik kicking something, but he cannot see what. It is a metaphor for Paul’s buried memory. The dream represents his subconscious attempt to process the pain. By the end, when Paul finally remembers the full event, the dream stops—a sign that he has reclaimed his truth.
3. **What is the significance of the sinkhole at the end?**
In the novel’s climax, a sinkhole opens up at the site of the old football field, swallowing the locker room where Erik and Arthur have been hiding. This is symbolic: the earth literally swallows the evidence of Erik’s crime, but it also clears the way for a new beginning. The sinkhole can be interpreted as nature’s judgment on the corrupt, artificial world of Tangerine County football.
4. **Does Paul ever tell his parents what Erik did?**
In a powerful moment, Paul confronts his mother with the truth. She is devastated but ultimately believes him. His father, however, is in denial and still defends Erik. The novel ends with Paul feeling free even if his parents do not fully accept reality. This ambiguous ending is a frequent topic in **Tangerine Book Answers** discussions.

Symbols and Motifs to Look For

Great analysis often depends on identifying symbols. Here are a few that every reader should note:

- **Paul’s glasses** – They are both a hindrance (making him a target) and a tool (helping him see what others miss). They symbolize the double-edged nature of vulnerability.
- **Fire and muck** – The constant muck fires represent the hidden decay beneath the surface of Tangerine. They are reminders that the town’s prosperity is built on unstable ground.
- **Soccer vs. football** – Football is portrayed as violent and

hierarchical, led by Erik and his father. Soccer, in contrast, is a team sport requiring cooperation and skill. Paul’s choice of soccer is a rejection of his family’s values.

- **Tangerine fruit** – The town’s name and the citrus groves allude to the idea of something sweet on the outside but possibly rotten inside. The fruit also connects to the land and the labor of migrant workers, which the novel treats with respect.

Employing these symbols in your answers can elevate your analysis from simple plot summary to meaningful interpretation.

How to Find Reliable Tangerine Book Answers

Many students turn to online resources for help, and that can be valuable—if you know where to look. Here are some tips:

1. **Use legitimate study guides.** Websites like SparkNotes, Shmoop, and LitCharts offer chapter summaries, character analyses, and thematic discussions that align with standard curricula. They are a great starting point for **Tangerine Book Answers**.
2. **Look for teacher-created materials.** Many educators share their lesson plans and comprehension questions on sites like Teachers Pay Teachers. These often include specific answers that align with how the book is taught in classrooms.
3. **Read multiple perspectives.** Because the novel is open to interpretation, no single source holds all the answers. Check different analyses to see how various readers interpret Paul’s journey.
4. **Engage with forums and discussion groups.** Reddit (r/ELATeachers, r/HomeworkHelp) and Goodreads can provide real-time help from other readers. However, always verify facts with the original text.

One caution: avoid sites that promise “complete” answers in a single paragraph. True understanding of *Tangerine* requires reading the book itself and thinking critically. Use online resources as a supplement, not a replacement.

Common Study Questions and Model Answers

To give you a sense of how to formulate your own **Tangerine Book Answers**, here are a few typical questions along with thoughtful responses.

Question: How does the setting of Tangerine County influence the story?

Answer: The setting is not just a backdrop but an active force. The constant lightning, muck fires, and sinkholes create an atmosphere of instability and hidden danger. This mirrors the instability in Paul’s home life and the hidden crimes of his brother. The division between the wealthy subdivisions and the poor communities also highlights class inequality. The environment forces characters to make choices that reveal their true nature—for example, Luis Cruz stands up for migrant workers while the school officials ignore safety hazards.

Question: Why does Paul finally confront his brother at the end?

Answer: Paul reaches a point where he can no longer live with the lie. His friendship with Luis, the death of Luis, and the discovery

of what Erik did to the boy Tino all push Paul to speak out. He realizes that silence makes him complicit. By confronting Erik and telling his mother the truth, Paul reclaims his own narrative and begins to heal. His action is a declaration that he is no longer a victim.

Question: What is the role of the comic relief character, maybe?

While *Tangerine* is not heavy on comedy, some characters like Mr. Fisher's overly optimistic talk about Erik's future can be ironic. The true relief comes from Paul's victories on the soccer

field, where he temporarily escapes his family drama.

Conclusion

Edward Bloor's *Tangerine* remains a staple in middle school and high school classrooms because it tackles complex issues with a relatable protagonist. Finding the best **Tangerine Book Answers** is not about memorizing plot points—it is about understanding how memory, justice, and identity intersect in a flawed world. By examining